**Pollinator Awareness Class** 











#### **Partners:**





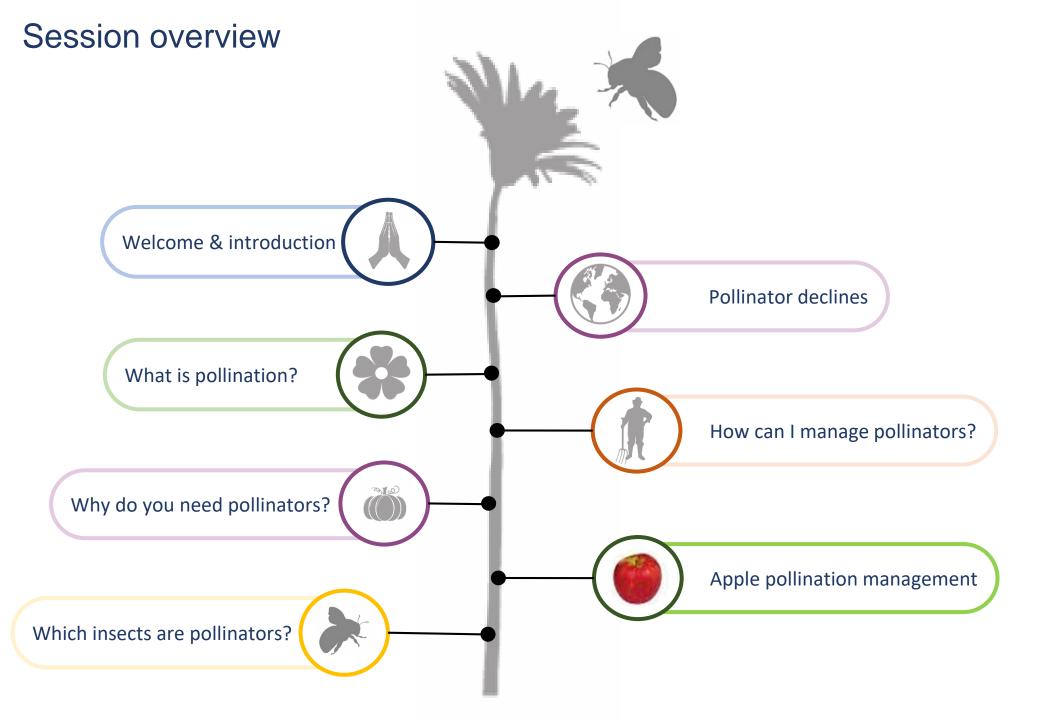


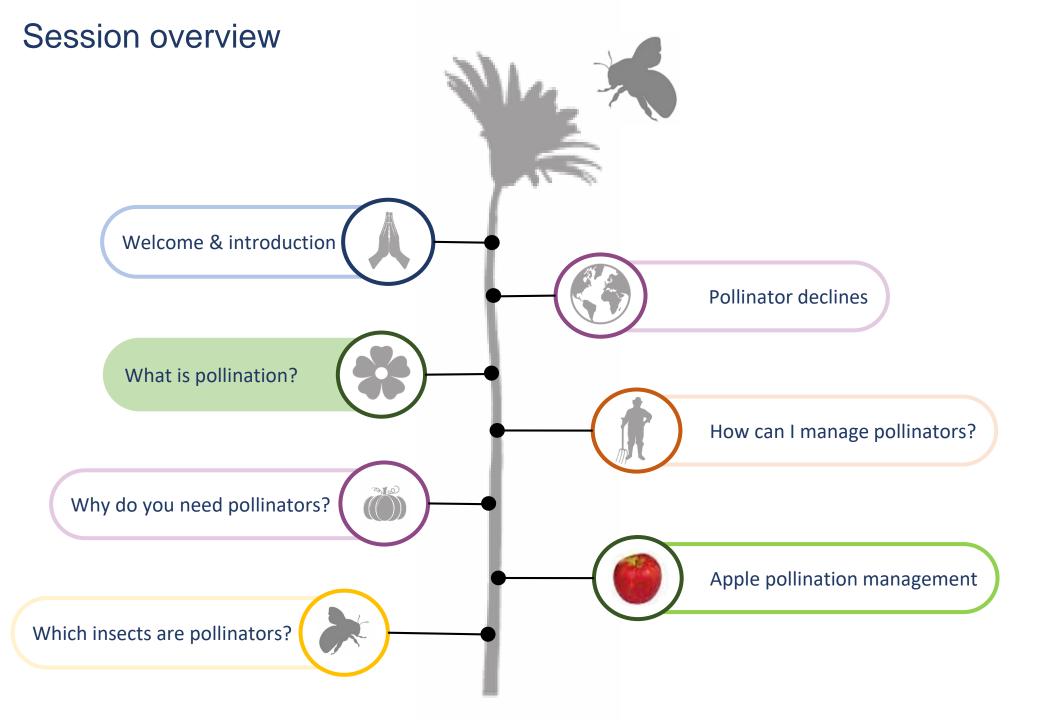












### The problem of plants

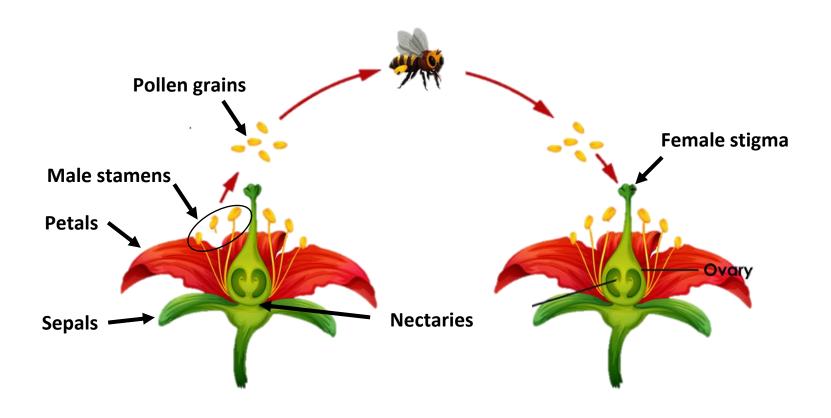
To make seeds and fruit, plants need to move pollen from one flower to another.

This is difficult because plants cannot move...

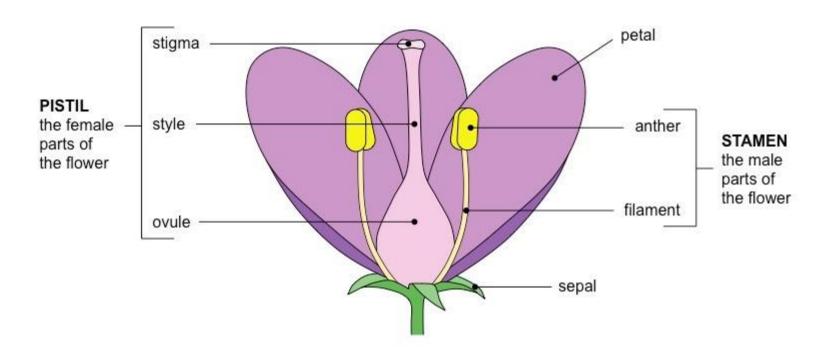


### The solution

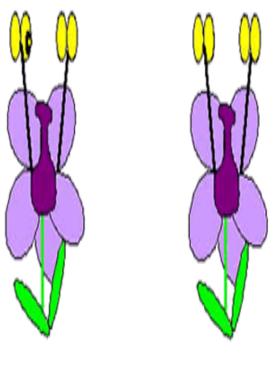
Instead of moving themselves, plants get insects to carry pollen between flowers for them...



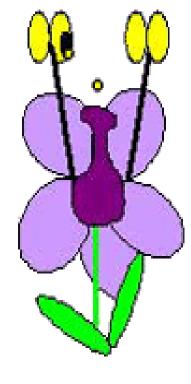
# Floral structure



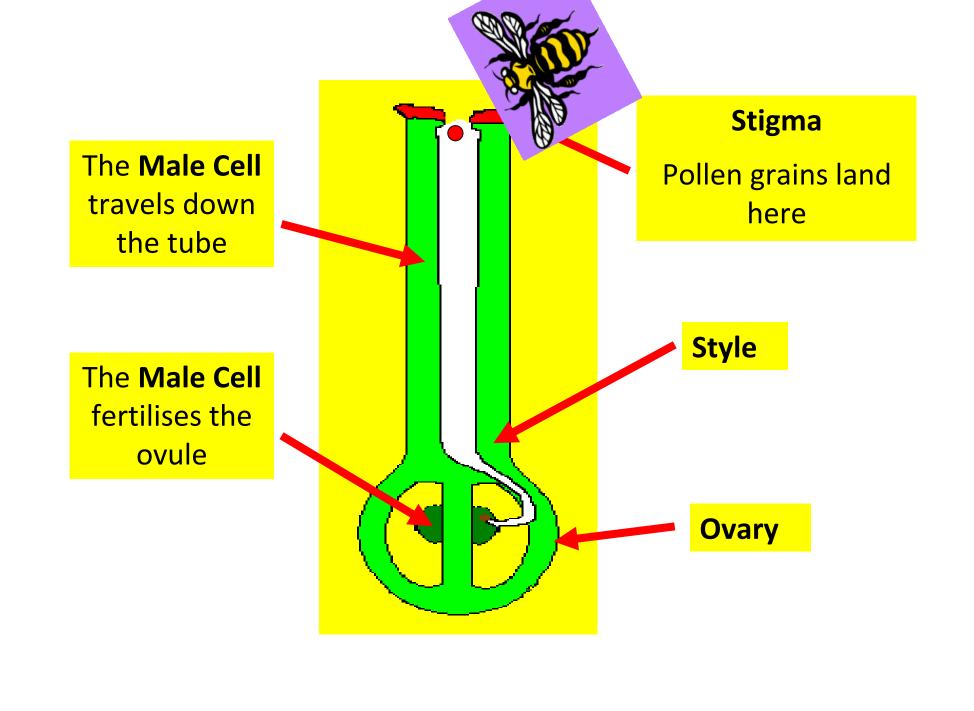
# Types of Pollination

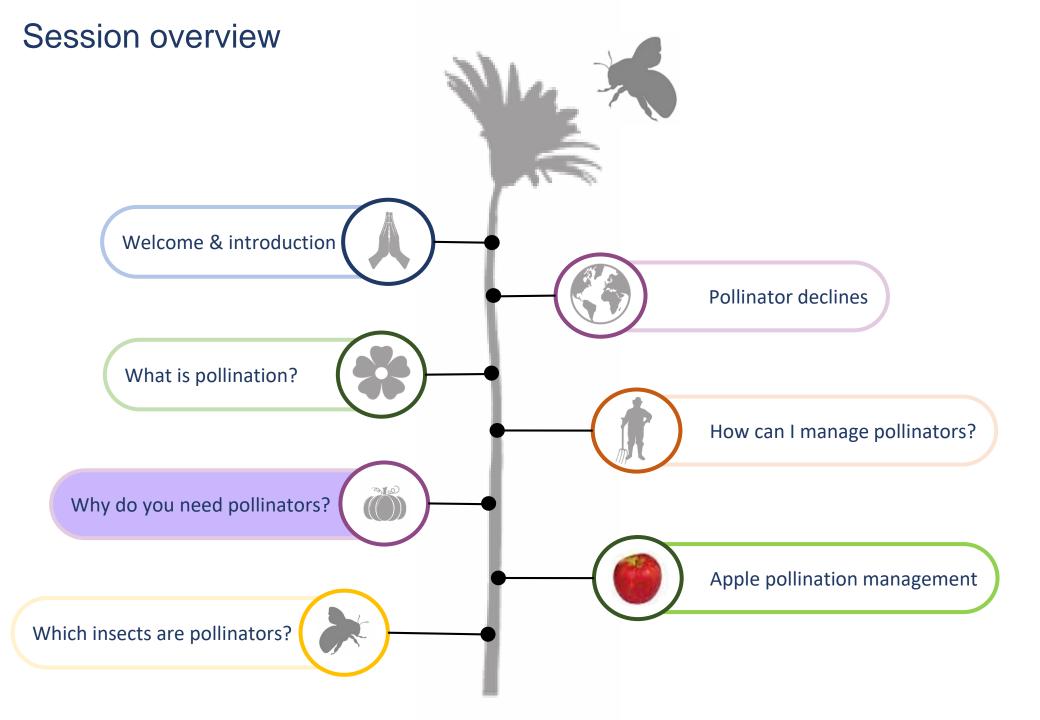


**Cross pollination** 



**Self pollination** 





# **BEE POLLINATION**

### **Bees**

**No Bees** 







N. Morison,

Four widely used bees in commercial pollination









**Bumble Bee** 

Honey Bee

Alkali Bee

Leafcutting Bee

## What do pollinators do for us?



1 in every 3 bites of food is thanks to pollinators



**3** out of every **4** crop plants rely on pollinators





Many essential **vitamins & minerals** come from pollinator dependent crops









The value of pollination in Nepal is \$477 million (US) each year







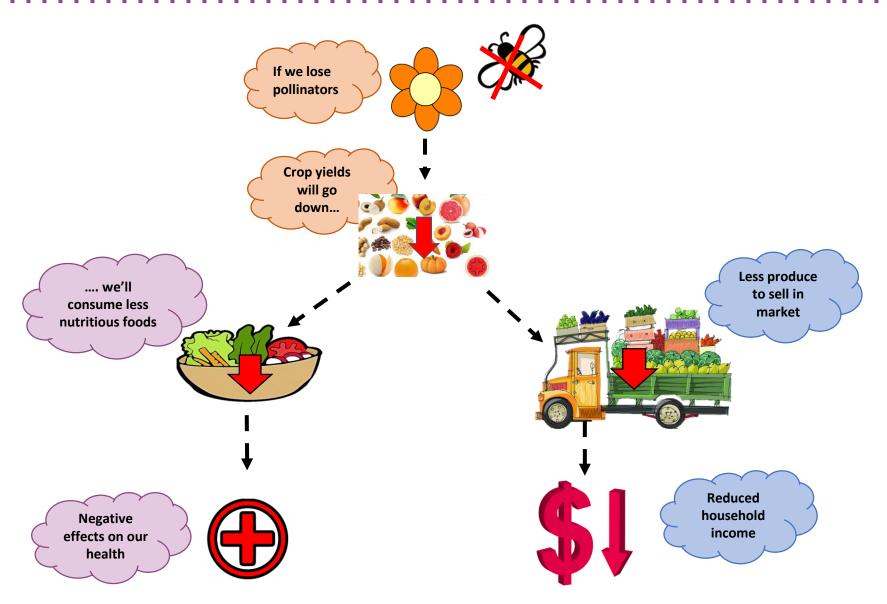
Without pollinators crop yields would decline, leading to food insecurity and nutrition deficiency

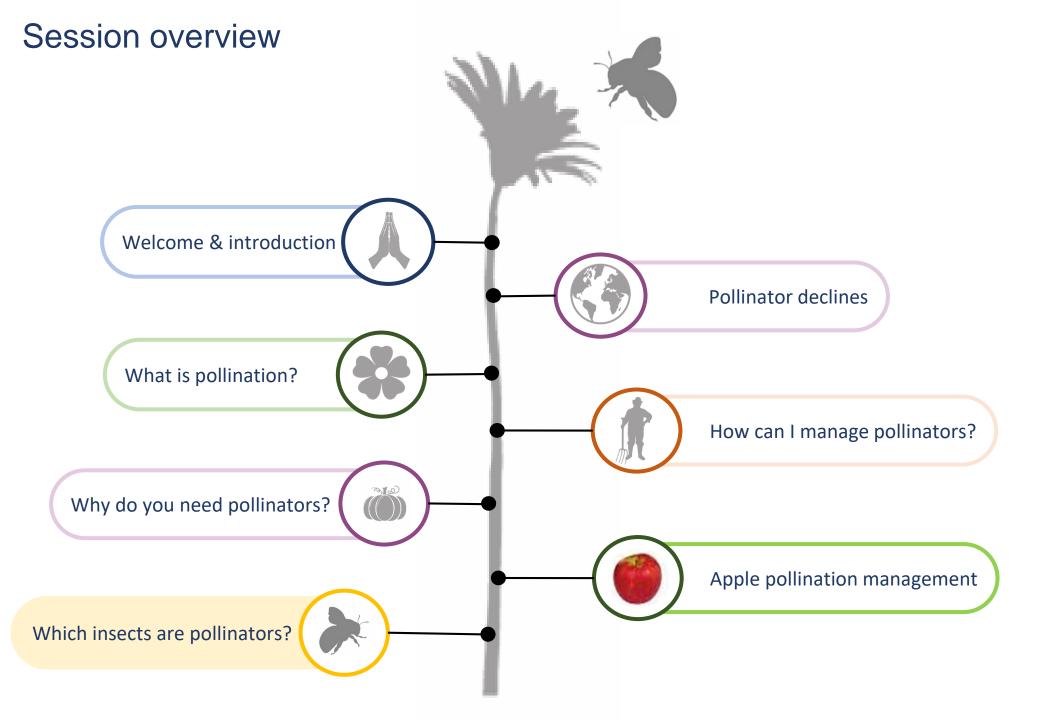
More than 50 crops in Nepal are pollinator-dependent, for example:



#### Pollinator dependent crops are highly nutritious and have a high economic value







# Who are the pollinators?



Honeybees are used by farmers for pollination...

But many wild insects are even better...

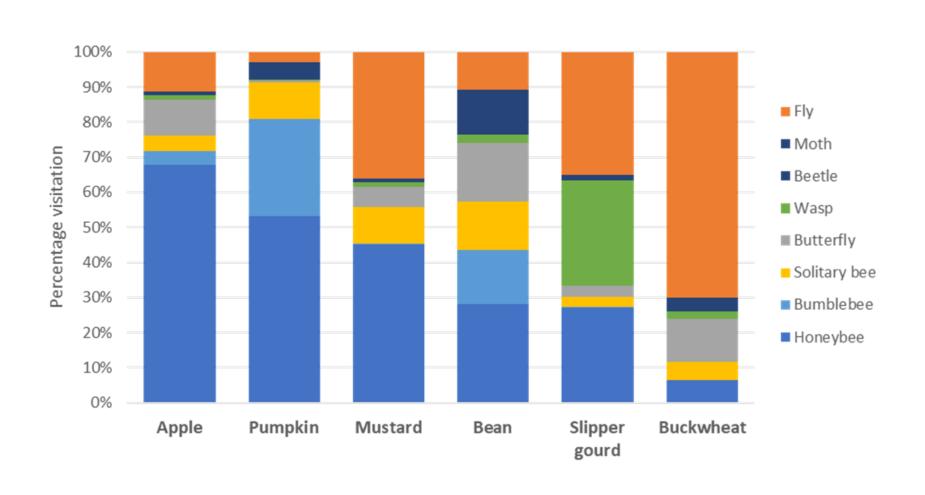


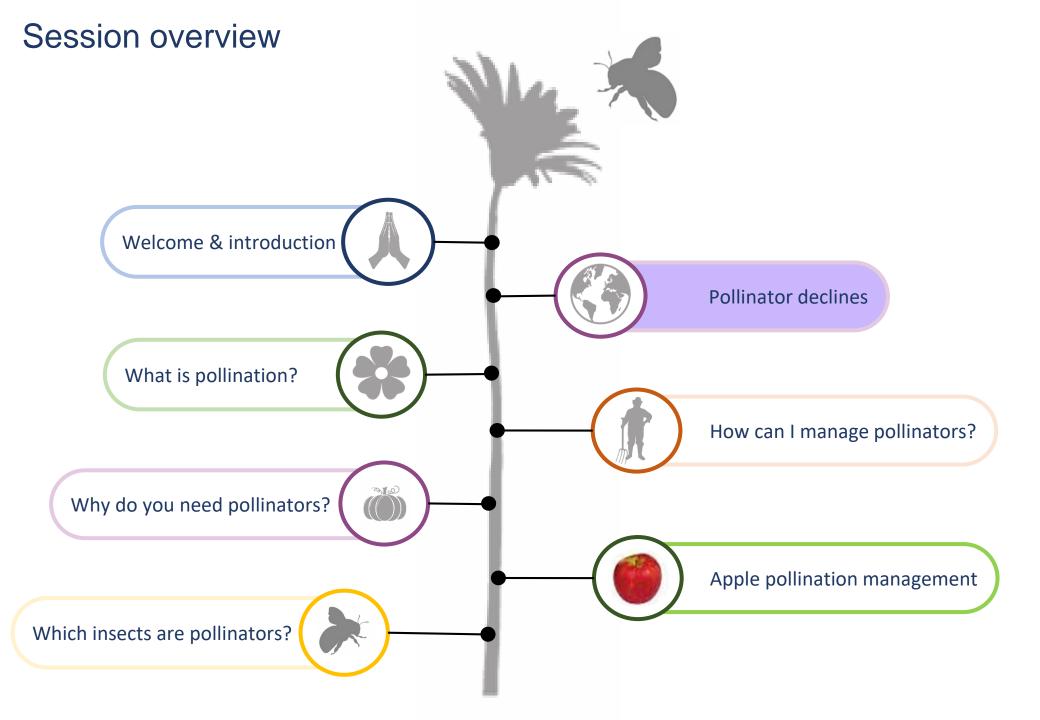
More types of pollinator = **better crop production** 

#### Some crops rely more on bees (e.g. apple)

#### Some crops rely more on flies and wasps (e.g. buckwheat)

#### We need LOTS of pollinating insects to ensure all crops are successfully pollinated





### Pollinators are declining around the world!



In some parts of China, pollinators have declined so much that farmers now need to pollinate by hand



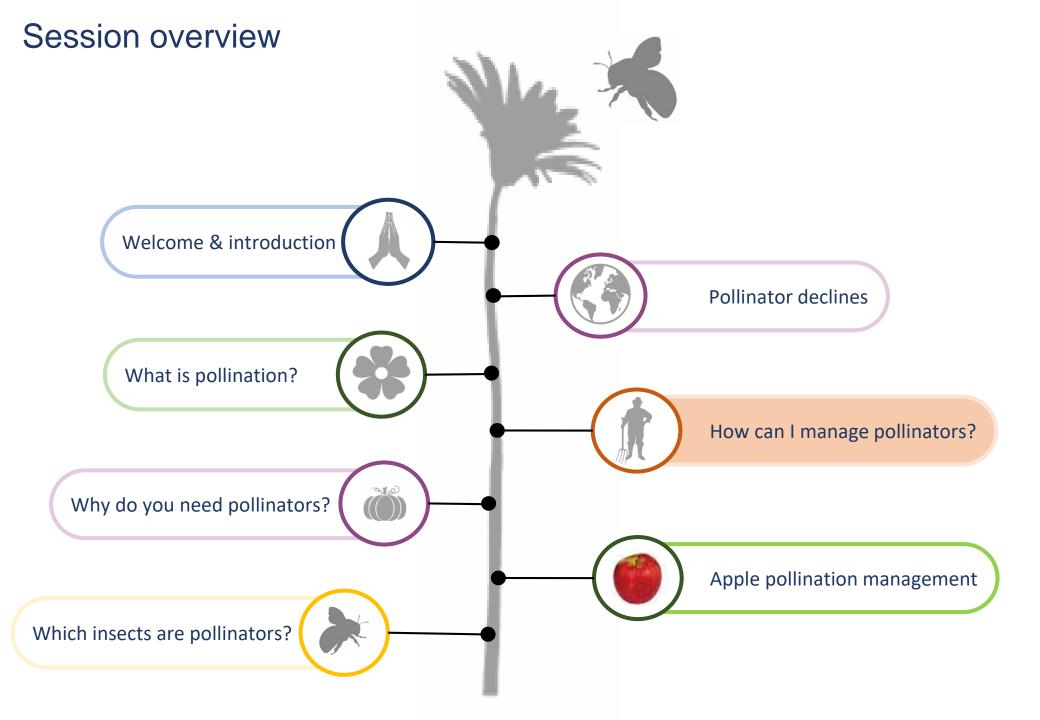


### Why are pollinators declining?

- > Clearance of forests & grasslands
- > Intensive farming
- > Pesticide use
- > Climate change

...are killing pollinators in Nepal





# 1) Plant more flowers



- ➤ Plant lots of different types
- ➤ Use flowering hedgerows
- ➤ Keep something flowering all year

#### **Pollinator-friendly plants in Karnali:**



# 2) Reduce pesticides



- ➤ Never spray during crop flowering
- ➤ Use organic / botanical pesticides
- ➤Only use when really needed
- > Follow recommended dose



# 3) Leave natural habitat



- ➤ Conserve nearby forests & grassland
- ➤ Leave patches of weeds
- Leave dead wood & fallen branches















Holes in ground







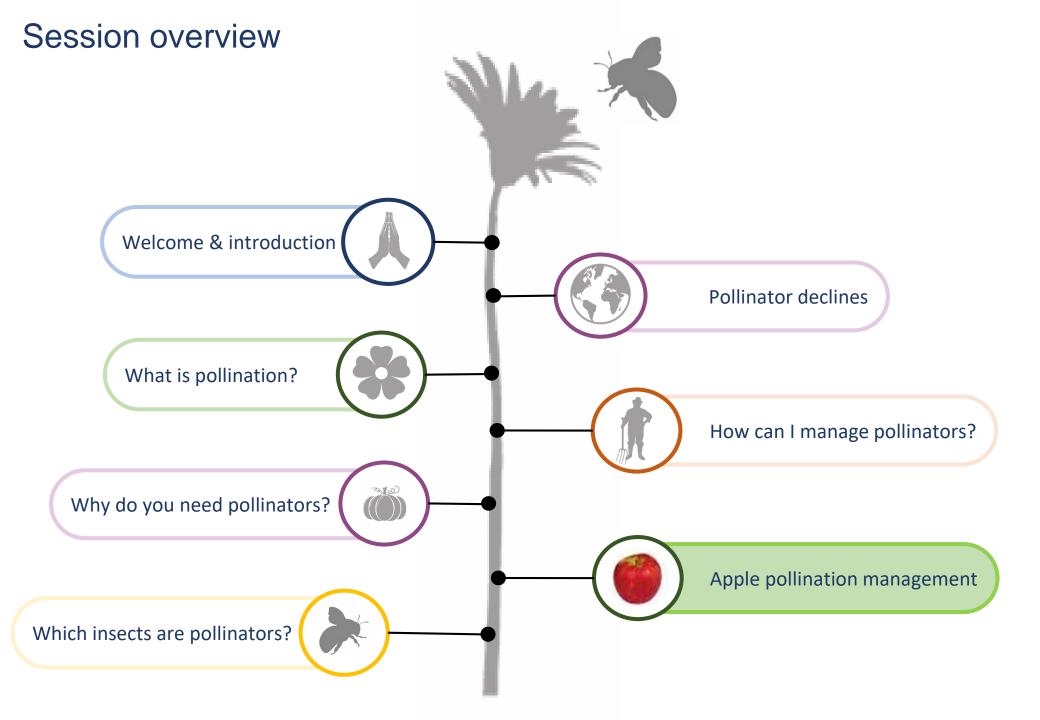
# 4) Use bee hives



- ➤ Place hives in crops during flowering
- ➤Only use native bee species
- ➤ Manage disease carefully







### Apple pollination & orchard management

### Now we will go into the field and learn:

- > How we can improve apple pollination
- ➤ How to prune apple trees correctly
- Good orchard management practices

